1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on December 23, 1981 and subsequently converted to public limited company on April 30, 2008. The Company is jointly sponsored by the Government of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) and the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan (GOP). The Company is a Development Financial Institution (DFI) and principally engaged in lendings and investments in the industrial and agro-based industrial companies in Pakistan on commercial basis. The Company was initially setup for a period of fifty years and upon mutual consent of the KSA and Government of Pakistan the duration of Company has been further extended for another period of fifty years.

The registered office of the Company is situated at Saudi Pak Tower, Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad. The Company is also operating through its offices in Lahore and Karachi.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1.1 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements represent separate financial statements of the Company.
- 2.1.2 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentational currency.
- 2.1.3 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except the certain classes of fixed assets and non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims, which are stated at revalued amounts and certain investments have been marked to market and carried at fair value. In addition, obligations in respect of staff retirement benefits are carried at present value.

2.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 2.2.1 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of:
 - International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or directives issued by the SBP and SECP differ with the requirements of IAS 34, requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

- 2.2.2 The SBP, vide its Banking Supervision Department (BSD) Circular Letter no. 11 dated September 11, 2002 has deferred the applicability of IAS 40, Investment Property, for banking companies and DFI till further instructions. Further, the SECP, through S.R.O 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008, has deferred the applicability of IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, to banks and DFIs. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 2.2.3 The SECP through its SRO 633 (I)/2014 dated July 10, 2014 adopted IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements for periods starting from June 30, 2014. However, SECP through SRO 56 (I)/2016 dated January 28, 2016, notified that the requirements of IFRS 10 and section 228 of the Companies Act, 2017 will not be applicable with respect to the investment in mutual funds established under trust structure.
- 2.2.4 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of format prescribed by SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 02 of 2023 dated February 09, 2023 and IAS 34. These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 except for early adoption of IFRS-9 w.e.f January 01, 2023.

On January 01, 2023, the company adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments; the recognition and measurement of credit impairement provisions.

The Company has not restated comparative information. This primarily impacts provisioning of financial assets which is determined on an expected credit loss basis under IFRS 9, however the provisioning is recorded higher of amount determined under IFRS 9 and the prudential regulations requirements of SBP.

The Company has recorded net expected loss of Rs. 699.9 million which was adjusted against retained earnings. The Company also recorded net increase of Rs. 628.3 million due to reclassification of investments from available for sale to fair value through other comprehensive income and amortised cost. The new IFRS 9 accounting policies are stated in note 3.1.

3.1 Impacts of Adoption of IFRS-9

3.1.1 Classification and measurement of financial instruments

IFRS-9 contains three main classification categories for financial assets, i.e. to be measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit & loss (FVPTL). The classification and subsequent measurement is dependent on the business models as mentioned in IFRS-9 that comprises of Hold to Collect – financial assets held with the objective to collect contractual cash flows; Hold to Collect and Sell – financial assets held with the objective of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets Other – financial assets held with trading intent or that do not meet the above criteria. Financial liabilities will be measured at amortized cost except those classified as held for trading and opted to measure them at fair value.

The Company has arrived at the below given classification and measurement mapping for its financial assets.

Portfolio / Business	Model	Financial asset measurement		
Financial assets portfolio	Business model	Asset is SPPI	Asset is not SPPI	
Advances and Debt Investments originated by CFD	Hold to Collect	At Amortized Cost	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	
Bank Deposits / Cash	Hold to Collect	At Amortized Cost	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	
Placements with Financial Institutions	Hold to Collect	At Amortized Cost	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	
Debt Investments originated by Treasury Division with the intent to resale	Other	At Fair Value through Pro applicable)	ofit and Loss (SPPI test not	
Debt Investments originated by Treasury Division with the intent to hold to collect and sell	Hold to Collect and Sell	At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	
Debt Investments originated by Treasury Division with the intent to hold to collect	Hold to Collect	At Amortized Cost	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	
Equity Investments	Other	 Quoted: At Fair Value through Profit & Loss of Fair Value through OCI (Irrevocable option) Unquoted: At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Strategic investment: N/a 		
Staff Advances	Hold to Collect	At Amortized Cost	At Fair Value through Profit and Loss	

3.1.2 Reclassification

Reclassification of financial assets will only be made in exceptional cases along with the rationale for the change in the business model (under which they were managed) that has led to the reclassification. Such changes must be demonstrable to external parties.

3.1.3 Write-offs

The gross carrying amount of a credit instrument will be reduced when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, in accordance with the terms of its Write-Off policy. Write-off constitutes a derecognition event.

3.1.4 Impairment of financial assets

The IFRS-9 has replaced the incurred credit loss method to "expected credit loss method", i.e. "ECL". It requires to record an allowance for all financial assets not held at FVTPL.

The Company, under IFRS-9 follows a three stage approach to impairment, i.e. Stage 1 (Performing / low credit risk), Stage 2 (Underperforming / Significant Increase in Credit Risk) & Stage 3 (Non-performing).

Under Stage 1, provisions are recognized at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss on the credit instrument.

Under Stage 2, provisions are recognized at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss on the credit instrument. The lifetime expected credit loss is based on the lifetime probability of default over the residual tenure of the credit instrument.

Under Stage 3, provisions are recognized at an amount as specified in the prevailing SBP Prudential Regulations or the lifetime expected credit loss on the credit instrument, whichever is higher. The lifetime expected credit loss is based on a 100% probability of default.

3.1.5 Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Model

The Company uses three main components to calculate ECL. These are Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD), and Exposure at Default (EAD). ECL is calculated separately for each credit instrument as the product of the PD, LGD, and EAD of the instrument, discounted to present value by the effective interest rate on the credit instrument.

Expected Lifetime

The expected lifetime is a significant factor in ECL calculation of a credit instrument, and is taken as the residual contractual period of the instrument.

Probability of Default (PD)

Saudi Pak has in place a well-established internal credit risk rating mechanism governed by the Board-approved Internal Credit Risk Rating Policy.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The loss that is expected to arise on default, incorporating the impact of forward-looking economic assumptions where relevant, which represents the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the Company expects to receive.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The Company uses credit conversion factors (CCFs) / usage factors (UFs) to determine the Exposure at Default.

3.1.6 Transitioning adjustments

The comparative period have not been restated. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of IFRS-9 have been recognized in opening retained earnings as of January 01, 2023, as per detail given below:-

Unappropriated profit	ofit Unaudited	
	Rupe	ees
Retained earnings as of December 31, 2022		4,175,180,394
IFRS - 9 Impact		
Credit loss allowance		(825,937,469)
Reclassification adjustment in relation to adopting IFRS 9		(175,426,724)
Deferred tax on ECL	272,559,365	
Deferred tax on FVTPL	28,945,409	
Related deferred tax impact		301,504,774
Revised Retained Earnings as of January 01, 2023		3,475,320,975

Secretary and the secretary	Unaudited			
Balances with Other banks As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact Credit loss allowance	Rupees 127,875,540 (581,837)			
Reclassification adjustment - Accrued markup As at January 01, 2023	1,074,553 492,716 128,368,256			
Investment As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact Credit loss allowance Reclassification adjustment - Accrued markup Reclassification adjustment of FVOCI to amortised cost As at January 01, 2023	36,321,015,128 (65,777,941) 1,672,475,796 719,100,564 2,325,798,419 38,646,813,547			
As at January 01, 2023 Advances As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact Credit loss allowance Reclassification adjustment - Accrued markup As at January 01, 2023	9,119,290,062 (758,215,288) 530,155,076 (228,060,212) 8,891,229,850			
Other assets As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact Reclassification adjustment - Accrued markup As at January 01, 2023	3,675,883,486 (2,203,705,425) 1,472,178,061			
Other liabilities As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact Credit loss allowance As at January 01, 2023	835,273,389 1,362,403 836,635,792			
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net As at December 31, 2022 IFRS 9 Impact	1,313,231,385			
Reclassification of debt securities Reclassification of deferred tax Reclassification of quoted securities	719,100,564 (237,303,186) 481,797,378 175,426,724			
Reclassification of deferred tax	(28,945,409)			
As at January 01, 2023	1,941,510,078			

Unaudited

S. A. St., Charles Trail				aitea
Deferred tax assets			Rup	ees
As at December 31, 2022				58,011,03
IFRS 9 Impact				
Reclassification of deferred tax in rela	The second secon		(237,303,186)	
Deferred tax on Credit loss allowance	in relation to ado	pting IFRS 9	272,559,364	
				35,256,17
As at January 01, 2023				93,267,20
.1.7 Transition due to adoption of IFRS	9			
	Audited			Un-audited
	14.5	20 of 20 had	Reclassification	- 47 4
	31 December 2022	Expected Credit loss Allowances	adjustments in relation to adopting IFRS 9	01 January 2023
		"R	upees"	
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	116,437,350		4.1	116,437,350
Balances with other banks	127,875,540	(581,837)	1,074,553	128,368,256
Non-current asset classified as held for sale				
Lendings to financial institutions		8		
Investments	36,321,015,128	(65,777,941)	2,391,576,360	38,646,813,547
Advances	9,119,290,062	(758,215,288)	530,155,076	8,891,229,850
Property and equipment	4,140,381,949	1000	100, 116,00	4,140,381,949
Right of Use Assets	41,414,620	3.5		41,414,620
Intangible assets	6,392,003	9		6,392,003
Deferred tax assets	58,011,030	272,559,365	(237,303,187)	93,267,208
Other assets	3,675,883,486		(2,203,705,425)	1,472,178,061
	53,606,701,168	(552,015,701)	481,797,377	53,536,482,844
LIABILITIES				
Bills payable		_		
Borrowings	36,774,866,849			36,774,866,849
Deposits and other accounts	1,953,000,000	21		1,953,000,000
Lease liabilities	7.2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.		143	
Subordinated debt		27		2
Deferred tax liabilities				2
Other liabilities	835,273,389	1,362,403	4	836,635,792
	39,563,140,238	1,362,403	-	39,564,502,641
NET ASSETS	14,043,560,930	(553,378,104)	481,797,377	13,971,980,203
REPRESENTED BY				
Share capital	6,765,000,000		.5	6,765,000,000
Statutory reserve	1,431,486,211		2	1,431,486,211
PETRONICA LITARIAC				358,662,940
General reserve	228,002,940			CHERT WATER WATER THE
General reserve Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	358,662,940 1.313,231,385		628.278.692	1.941.510.077
General reserve Surplus on revaluation of assets - net Unappropriated / unremitted profit	1,313,231,385 4,175,180,394	(553,378,104)	628,278,692 (146,481,315)	1,941,510,077 3,475,320,975

3.1.8 Reclassification of investments due to adoption of IFRS-9

Unaudited

Reclassification for Available for sale securities (AFS) Balance as at December 31, 2022 - Audited

Rupees 34,820,500,128

Equity securities reclassified to FVTPL Debt securities reclassified to amortised cost Debt securites reclassified through FVOCI

(1,487,154,488)(5,578,040,800)

Equity securities reclassified through FVOCI

(26,507,452,921)

AFS investment as at January 01, 2023 - Unaudited

(1,247,851,919)

3.2 Accounting policies of financial instruments:

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories: amortized cost; fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial liabilities are classified as amortized cost. Management determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition of the instrument or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

3.2.1 Financial assets held at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt instruments held at amortized cost or held at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI characteristics). Principal is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition but this may change over the life of the instrument as amounts are repaid. Interest consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin. Whether financial assets are held at amortized cost or at FVOCI depend on the objectives of the business models under which the assets are held. A business model refers to how the Company manages financial assets to generate cash flows. The Company makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at the individual product business line, and where applicable within business lines depending on the way the business is managed and information is provided to management.

3.2.2 Equity instruments designated as held at FVOCI

Company may elect to classify irrevocably its non-trading equity instrument acquired for strategic purposes as held at FVOCI. Dividends received are recognized in profit or loss. Gains and losses on these equity instruments are recognized directly in equity and are never recycled to profit and loss.

3.2.3 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets which are not held at amortized cost or that are not held at fair value through other comprehensive income are held at fair value through profit or loss.

3.2.4 Financial liabilities held at amortized cost

Financial liabilities that are not financial guarantees or loan commitments and that are not classified as financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities held at amortized cost.

3.2.5 Initial recognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized on the settlement date. All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction price, plus directly attributable transaction costs for financial assets which are not subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.2.6 Subsequent measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at amortized cost

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at amortized cost are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets held at FVOCI

Debt instruments held at FVOCI are subsequently carried at fair value, with all unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. Changes in expected credit losses are recognized in the profit or loss and are accumulated in equity. On derecognition, the cumulative fair value gains or losses, net of the cumulative expected credit loss reserve, are transferred to the profit or loss.

Equity investments designated at FVOCI are subsequently carried at fair value with all unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. On derecognition, the cumulative reserve is transferred to retained earnings and is not recycled to profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recorded in the profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss except for equity instruments elected FVOCI.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished. A financial liability is extinguished when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

3.3 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current period

There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are therefore not detailed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

3.4 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are various other standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan that are not yet effective in the current period. These are not likely to have material effect on the Company's financial statements.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The basis for accounting estimates adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements is the same as that applied in the preparation of the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 except the effects of adoption of IFRS - 9.

5 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The financial risk management objectives and policies adopted by the Company are consistent with those disclosed in the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These risk management policies continue to remain robust and the Company is reviewing its portfolio regularly and conducts rapid portfolio reviews in line with the emerging risks.

		Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
		43400	pees
6	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS	,,,,	
	In hand		
	Local currency	332,639	285,888
	With State Bank of Pakistan in		
	Local currency current account	101,145,321	116,151,462
		101,477,960	116,437,350
7	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS		
	In Pakistan		
	In current accounts	5,163,154	84,376,565
	In deposit accounts	69,702,365	43,498,975
	Less: Credit loss allowance held against balance with other banks	(375,082)	
	Balances with other banks - ner of credit loss allowance	74,490,437	127,875,540
8	NON-CURRENT ASSET CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE		
	Cost of investment reclassified from investments		
	- Investment in ordinary shares	243,467,574	243,467,574
	- Investment in preference shares	333,208,501	333,208,501
	Less: Provision on investment	(576,676,075)	(576,676,075)
	Less: Amounts received	2-6-5-6	
		2.0	•

^{8.1} The Company's investment in Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited (the "associate company") has been classified as non-current asset held for sale in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sales and Discontinued Operations" and measured at lower of carrying amount at designation and fair value less cost to sell.

		Unaudited September 30,	Audited December 31,
		2023 Ru	2022 ipees
9	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repo)	5,266,768,571	5.0
	Letter based placement	5,266,768,571	
	Less: Credit loss allowance held against lending to financial institutions		
	Lendings to Financial Institutions - net of credit loss allowance	5,266,768,571	

9.1 Lending to FIs- Particulars of credit loss allowance

23112		Unaud	lited	Audited 31 December 2022		
		30 Septem	ber 2023			
		Lending	Credit loss allowance held	Classified Lending	Provision held	
		Rupe	ees	Rupees		
Domestic						
Performing	Stage 1	5,266,768,571	9			
Under performing	Stage 2		-	10.0		
Non-performing	Stage 3					
Substandard		7		-	8	
Doubtful				1		
Loss				-		
		5,266,768,571				
Total		5,266,768,571		-		
		-				

10 INVESTMENTS

	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				December 31, 2022 (Audited)			
.1 Investments by type:	Cost / Amortised cost	Credit loss allowance	Surplus / (Deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / Amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (Deficit)	Carrying value
SV70			Rupees	-		т	upees	
FVTPL	1 374 784 466		170 020 107	1 452 707 000				
Shares- Quoted securities	1,274,751,495		179,036,407 179,036,407	1,453,787,902				-
FVOCI	164. 31.411.48			3401340 - 0440111				
Federal Government Securities			T . T . A . T	A. T. T.				
-Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs)	26,943,957,712		(1,519,667,701)	25,424,290,011		5	9	9
-Market Treasury Bills	21,421,109,024		14,438,976	21,435,548,000				*
Shares- Quoted securities Non Government Debt Securities	402,457,486		75,491,658	477,949,144	*	4.	*	
-Term Finance Certificates (TFCs) / Sukuk	883,039,128	(152,269,582)	345	730,769,546	140	4	45	9
Un-quoted securities	783,833,048	(273,833,040)		510,000,008			-	
	50,434,396,398	(426,102,622)	(1,429,737,067)	48,578,556,709				
Amortised cost								
Federal Government Securities				200.222.00				
-Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs)	6,276,507,693	10	7.	6,276,507,693	-	-51	7	(4)
Non Government Debt Securities -Term Finance Certificates (TFCs) / Sukuk	2,030,987,887	(768,459,077)		1,262,528,810				
Frem Finance Seminates (17 Sa) 7 Sunan	8,307,495,580	(768,459,077)		7,539,036,503				
Available-for-sale securities	21147 (0.24007)	10000000000		16-36-36-5				
Federal Government Securities								
-Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs)				1 2	32,994,355,755	40	(1,800,587,455)	31,193,768,300
-Market Treasury Bills			-		33,000,000,000		(1,000,007,7007	51()40() 35(455)
Thanks Trousery one	1				32,994,355,755		(1,800,587,455)	31,193,768,300
Provincial Government Securities				7	52,054,000,750	7 - 7 - 7 - 7	(1,000,007,400)	01,130,100,000
Shares- Quoted securities				3.	3,265,391,260	(941,511,580)	(98,873,281)	2,225,006,399
Non Government Debt Securities					Service Co.	(= 11(= 11)== 17	3,55,575,577	3144314541454
-Term Finance Certificates (TFCs) / Sukuk					969,651,845	(80,266,424)	2,340,000	891,725,421
-Commercial paper	10 - 20				500,000,1010	(00,200,121)	2,5 10,500	501,140,141
Un-quoted securities	1		2		783,833,048	(273,833,040)	0.4	510,000,008
On-quoted securities					38,013,231,908	(1,295,611,044)	(1,897,120,736)	34,820,500,128
Held-to-maturity securities	7.			-	30,013,231,300	(1,235,011,044)	(1,057,120,730)	54,020,000,120
Non Government Debt Securities								
-Term Finance Certificates (TFCs) / Sukuk	- 31	-	1.6	3%	1,529,701,077	(529,186,077)	4	1,000,515,000
Subsidiaries								
				341 666 0044	20022			
Saudi Pak Real Estate Company Limited.	500,000,000			500,000,000	500,000,000	*	÷ .	500,000,000

^{10.1.1} Saudi Pak Real Estate Company Limited is 100% owned subsidiary incorporated in Pakistan. As per latest audited accounts of December 31, 2022, it total assets were Rs. 811.046 million, Liabilities were Rs. 21.981 million, total revenue was Rs. 33.286 million, profit after tax was Rs. 42.903 million and total comprehensive income was Rs. 42.938 million.

^{10.1.2} The Company has investment in unsecured subordinated TFCs of Rs. 299.760 million, issued by Silk Bank Limited (the Issuer). Instalments carrying markup aggregating to Rs. 89,471 million and principal of Rs. 120,000 are outstanding against such issue due to which, a provision of Rs. 18,826 million has been incorporated in these Financial Statements under expected credit loss (ECL) model as per IFRS 9. The referred outstanding instalments have not been cleared due to "lock in event" that restricts the Issuer to make payment without the approval of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to avoid Issuer's noncompliance with capital adequacy ratio. The Issuer's operations are continuing without any restriction and it is expected that the above restriction shall be lifted soon by SBP as corrective measures are in progress. The debt obligation under TFCs is duly recognized by the Issuer and the application for allowing the payment is pending with SBP.

					Unaudited	Audited
					September 30,	December 31,
					2023	2022
10.2	Investments given as collate	eral			Ru	The state of the s
	The market value of investmen	ts given as co	llateral is as follow	rs:		
	Pakistan Investment Bonds (P				29,449,874,200	27,399,908,300
	Treasury Bills	103)			21,435,548,000	-
	(Todasar) Since				50,885,422,200	27,399,908,300
10.3	Credit Loss Allowance / Pro-	vision for dir	ninution in value	of investments		
10.3.	1 Opening balance				1,824,797,121	1,620,682,243
	Impact of reclassification due	to adoption of	IFRS-9		(449,060,749)	
	Impact of remeasurement due to adoption of IFRS-9				65,777,941	
	Charge / reversals					
	Charge for the period / year				13,521,220	264,524,009
	Reversals for the period / ye	ear			(45,522,338)	(16,471,728)
	Reversal on disposals				(214,951,496)	(43,937,403)
					(246,952,614)	204,114,878
	Transfers - net				4 404 504 500	1,824,797,121
	Closing balance				1,194,561,699	1,024,797,121
10.3.	2 Particulars of credit loss allo	owance / pro				0.00
	Catagory of algorification		Unau		Audi Decem	
	Category of classification		Septem 202		202	April 1 and
			Outstanding	Credit loss		
			amount	allowance held	NPI	Provision
	Little		Rup	ees	Rupees	
	Domestic					
	Performing	Stage 1	1,443,362,958	10,920,736	-	100
	Under performing Non-performing	Stage 2	558,079,630	30,973,496	45.0	-
	Substandard	Stage 3				iĝ.
	Substatidatu		-	-	-	-

912,584,427

2,914,027,015

2,914,027,015

878,834,427

920,728,659

920,728,659

643,202,501

643,202,501

643,202,501

609,452,501

609,452,501

609,452,501

Doubtful Loss

Total

Overseas

11 ADVANCES

	Performing		Non Per	forming	Total	
	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	***************************************			-Rupees	********************	
Loans, leases, running finances- gross	8,794,071,896	8,696,407,690	3,266,037,853	2,778,130,890	12,060,109,749	11,474,538,580
Credit loss allowance / Provision against advances						
- Stage 1	(147,974,248)		÷-		(147,974,248)	
- Stage 2	(662,046,571)	2	18.0	3	(662,046,571)	9
- Stage 3	22	8.1	(2,971,757,294)	10 mm (2)	(2,971,757,294)	1. A A B.
- Specific	4			(2,268,864,901)	-	(2,268,864,901)
- General	7.	(86,383,617)				(86,383,617)
	(810,020,819)	(86,383,617)	(2,971,757,294)	(2,268,864,901)	(3,781,778,113)	(2,355,248,518)
Advances - net of credit loss allowance / provision	7,984,051,077	8,610,024,073	294,280,559	509,265,989	8,278,331,636	9,119,290,062
					Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
Particulars of advances (Gross)					Ru	pees
In local currency In foreign currencies					12,060,109,749	11,474,538,580
					12,060,109,749	11,474,538,580
	Credit loss allowance / Provision against advances - Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3 - Specific - General Advances - net of credit loss allowance / provision Particulars of advances (Gross) In local currency	Loans, leases, running finances- gross Credit loss allowance / Provision against advances - Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3 - Specific - General Advances - net of credit loss allowance / provision Particulars of advances (Gross) In local currency	Unaudited September 30, 2023 2022	Unaudited September 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 September 30, 2023	Unaudited September 30, 2023 2023 2023 2022 Rupees	Unaudited September 30, 2023 2023

11.2 Advances include Rs. 3,266,037,853 (December 31, 2022: Rs. 2,778,130,890) which have been placed under non-performing / Stage 3 status as detailed below:-

Category of Classification			Unaudited September 30, 2023		
		Non Performing Loans	Credit loss allowance	Non Performing Loans	Provision
		Ru	pees	Ru	pees
Domestic					
Substandard	Stage 3	5 ÷ 1			
Doubtful	Stage 3	100		270,000,000	
Loss	Stage 3	3,266,037,853	2,971,757,294	2,508,130,890	2,268,864,901
Total		3,266,037,853	2,971,757,294	2,778,130,890	2,268,864,901

11.3 Particulars of credit loss allowance / provision against advances

	Unaud	dited			Audited		
	September	30, 2023		December 31, 2022			
Stage 3	Stage 2	Stage 1	Total	Specific	General	Total	
,	Rup	ees	******		Rupees		
2,268,864,901	43,191,808	43,191,809	2,355,248,518	2,241,352,677		2,241,352,677	
535,064,854		-	535,064,854	2	1		
214,985,430	422,757,197	120,472,661	758,215,288	9-	-	9.	
-,	252,692,516	8,009,267	260,701,783	146,592,629	86,383,617	232,976,246	
(47,157,891)	(56,594,950)	(23,699,489)	(127,452,330)	(119,080,405)		(119,080,405)	
(47,157,891)	196,097,566	(15,690,222)	133,249,453	27,512,224	86,383,617	113,895,841	
2,971,757,294	662,046,571	147,974,248	3,781,778,113	2,268,864,901	86,383,617	2,355,248,518	
	2,268,864,901 535,064,854 214,985,430 - (47,157,891) (47,157,891)	September Stage 3 Stage 2		September 30, 2023 Stage 3 Stage 2 Stage 1 Total	September 30, 2023 Stage 3 Stage 2 Stage 1 Total Specific	September 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Stage 3 Stage 2 Stage 1 Total Specific General Rupees 2,268,864,901 43,191,808 43,191,809 2,355,248,518 2,241,352,677 - 535,064,854 - - 535,064,854 - - 214,985,430 422,757,197 120,472,661 758,215,288 - - - 252,692,516 (56,594,950) 8,009,267 (23,699,489) 260,701,783 (19,080,405) 146,592,629 (119,080,405) 86,383,617 (127,452,330) (47,157,891) 196,097,566 (15,690,222) 133,249,453 27,512,224 86,383,617 (127,452,330)	

^{11.3.1} In accordance with BSD circular No. 1 of 2011 dated October 21, 2011 issued by the SBP, as of September 30, 2023 the company has availed FSV benefit aggregating to Rs. nil (2022: Rs. 374.266 million, net of tax Rs.265.729 million). Accordingly, accumulated profit to the extent of Rs. nil (2022: Rs. 374.266 million) are not available for the distribution as cash or stock dividend as required by the aforementioned SBP directives.

11.4 Advances - Particulars of credit loss allowance / provision

		Unaudited			Unaudited			
		Septembe	r 30, 2023		December 31, 2022			
	Stage 3	Stage 2	Stage 1	Total	Stage 3	Stage 2	Stage 1	Total
		Ru	pees	**********		F	Rupees	
Opening balance	2,268,864,901	43,191,808	43,191,809	2,355,248,518		- 3	4.5	-
Impact of reclassification due to adoption of IFRS-9	535,064,854	- 3		535,064,854	4	3	1 2	
Impact of remeasurement due to adoption of IFRS-9	214,985,430	422,757,197	120,472,661	758,215,288	31.		1-	·
New advances			5,692,789	5,692,789	~	n-	6	0+
Advances derecognised or repaid	(47,157,891)	(23,804,973)	(7,742,627)	(78,705,491)	9.1	- 1	14	
Transfer to stage 1	-		27.73.11					
Transfer to stage 2	4	7,085,532	(7,085,532)		*		2.0	- 51
Transfer to stage 3			4.1	52.1	- 2	1		
	(47,157,891)	(16,719,441)	(9,135,370)	(73,012,702)				
Amounts written off / charged off			1.9				-	-
Change in risk parameters		*			-	-	-	-
Other changes		212,817,007	(6,554,852)	206,262,155	- Fall			
Closing balance	2,971,757,294	662,046,571	147,974,248	3,781,778,113	9	/·		

11.5 Advances - Category of Classification

			dited er 30, 2023	Audi December	
Category of Classification		Outstanding amount	Credit loss allowance held	Non Performing Loans	Provision
		R	ıpees	Ru	pees
Domestic					
Performing	Stage 1	6,362,108,633	147,974,248		- 2
Under performing	Stage 2	2,431,963,263	662,046,571	1	
Non-performing	Stage 3				
Substandard					
Doubtful		A		270,000,000	
Loss		3,266,037,853	2,971,757,294	2,508,130,890	2,268,864,901
Total		12,060,109,749	3,781,778,113	2,778,130,890	2,268,864,901

			Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
12	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	Note -		
12	Capital work-in-progress - Electrical equipment Property and equipment	IVOIG -	55,173,359 4,010,556,483	40,256,613 4,100,125,336
	reporty and equipment	-	4,065,729,842	4,140,381,949
			Unaud	
			For the nine m	
		-	September 30,	September 30,
			2023	2022
12.1	Additions to property and equipment	1	Rup	ees
7970	The following additions have been made to property and equipment during the period:			
	Capital work-in-progress Property and equipment		14,916,746	18,101,950
	Building on leasehold land	T	1,602,606	498,910
	Furniture and fixtures		2,511,955	392,146
	Office equipment		4,144,885	2,796,000
	Vehicles		27,251,076	1
	Heating and air conditioning		330,330	497,880
	Elevators		1,256,490	4,0
	Security systems	1	262,600	498,641
	Electrical fitting, fire fighting equipment and others		3,053,853	16,084,697
	3, -3, -1,		40,413,795	20,768,274
	Total	-	55,330,541	38,870,224
12.2	Disposal of property and equipment The net book value of property and equipment disposed during the period is as follows:	off		
	Building on leasehold land			27,532
	Furniture and fixture		76	33
	Office equipment		789,483	109,998
	Vehicles		3,125,434	2,744,742
	Heating and air conditioning			56,612
	Security systems			74,515
	Electrical fitting, fire fighting equipment and others		5,748	36,972
	Total		3,920,741	3,050,404
		-	Unaudited	Audited
			September 30,	December 31,
			2023	2022
13	RIGHT OF USE ASSET		Rup	
13	Office Space		, sup	CC3
	As at January 01,			
	Cost		46,380,627	37,910,624
	Accumulated depreciation		(4,966,007)	(28,201,354)
	Net carrying amount at January 01	-	41,414,620	9,709,270
				V2-22-2-67
	Additions during the period			46,380,627
	Deletions during the period		102 301 321	1111 220 100
	Depreciation charge for the period		(12,649,261)	(14,675,277)
	Net carrying amount		28,765,359	41,414,620
14	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Computer Software		6,703,867	6,392,003
	St. Physics and a second second	-		

			Unaud For the nine m	
			September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
14.1	Additions to intangible assets The following additions have been made to intangible assets during the period: Directly purchased	5-	3,079,111	ees1,743,885
	Directly purchased		Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31,
15	OTHER ASSETS	Note	Rupe	0.00
	Income/ mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision			
	On investments	T	1	1,672,475,796
	On advances		1.0	530,155,076
	On lending to financial institutions		100	-
	On deposits		- 3	1,074,553
	24.7360.74	-		2,203,705,425
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		19,029,850	24,031,294
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		1,978,968,040	1,255,502,709
	Excise duty		78,817,895	78,817,895
	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	15.1	50,037,324	51,651,432
	Dividend receivable		60,074,467	34,641,773
	Other receivables		19,784,462	4,896,126
			2,206,712,038	3,653,246,654
	Less: Credit Loss Allowance / Provision held against other assets	15.2	(256,792)	(256,792)
	Other assets (net of provision) Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired in		2,206,455,246	3,652,989,862
	satisfaction of claims		22,178,199	22,893,624
	Other assets - total	- 0	2,228,633,445	3,675,883,486

15.1 The subject property located in a building situated in Township Lahore acquired in settlement transaction of outstanding facility of M/s Irfan Textile (Pvt.) Limited in the year 2007. Business activity could not be started since the building was constructed due to pending approval of building map and the issuance of completion certificate from Lahore Development Authority (LDA). Management is hopeful to dispose off the same once the NOC is arranged and provided by the plaza owners.

15.2	Credit Loss Allowance / Provision held against other a	ssets	Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
10.2	Ground 2000 Antonianos / Frovioleti Hola againet ostici	Note	Rupe	
	Advances, deposits, advance rent & other prepayments	10000	256,792	256,792
16	BORROWINGS			
	Secured			
	State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) refinance scheme			
	Long term financing facility	F	2,116,890,322	2,195,224,199
	Temporary economic relief facility	- 1	461,884,335	491,424,500
		_	2,578,774,657	2,686,648,699
	Repurchase agreement borrowings		52,560,149,489	27,775,718,150
	Against book debts/receivables		5,137,163,698	4,812,500,000
	Total secured		60,276,087,844	35,274,866,849
	Unsecured			
	Call borrowings		2	1,500,000,000
	Total unsecured			1,500,000,000
		-	60,276,087,844	36,774,866,849
17	DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS			
	Customers			
	- Term deposits (local currency)	17.1	3,979,910,035	1,953,000,000
17.1	Composition of deposits			
	- Public Sector Entities		3,072,415,789	1,343,000,000
	- Non-Banking Financial Institutions		10,055,726	10,000,000
	- Private Sector	100	897,438,520	600,000,000
		10	3,979,910,035	1,953,000,000

^{17.1.1} These Certificate of Investments (GOIs) carry mark up at the rates ranging from 19.00% to 23.15% (2022: 16.12% to 17.06%) per annum with maturity on November 2023 to July 2024 (2022: March 2023 to November 2023).

^{17.1.2} All deposits are in local currency.

		Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
18	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS) Deductible temporary differences on	Rupe	
	Actuarial loss on defined benefit plan Deficit on revaluation of securities - FVOCI / AFS Deficit on revaluation of securities - FVTPL / HFT Credit loss allowance / provision on non-performing loans Impairment loss on quoted securities - FVTPL Impairment loss on quoted securities - FVOCI	(7,201,506) (484,269,356) 29,541,007 (984,636,397) (61,272,362) (17,240,854)	(7,201,506) (609,735,752) (656,967,000) (106,340,876)
	Taxable temporary differences on	(1,525,079,468)	(1,380,245,134)
	Accelerated tax depreciation Dividend receivable Right of Use Assets Surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets	45,037,573 11,414,149 4,056,022 1,239,681,834 1,300,189,578 (224,889,890)	39,252,624 10,046,114 3,310,736 1,269,624,630 1,322,234,104 (58,011,030)
19	OTHER LIABILITIES		
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Accrued expenses Advance rental income Security deposits against rented properties Payable to defined benefit plan Provision for compensated absences Directors' remuneration Payable to stock brokers - net Lease liability against ROU assets as per IFRS - 16 Leases Dividend payable to shareholder - MOF-KSA Credit loss allowance against off-balance sheet obligations Others	924,766 112,811,552 40,018,765 7,352,279 6,495,539 - 16,474,382 - 35,320,766 58,086,837 277,484,886	378,356,147 32,301,635 154,619,487 40,959,597 10,219,869 9,672,514 76,825,002 31,382,086 82,500,000 18,437,052 835,273,389
19.1	Credit loss allowance against off-balance sheet obligations		
	Opening balance Impact of remeasurement due to adoption of IFRS-9	1,362,403	2
	Charge for the period / year Reversals	35,205,848 (1,247,485)	180
	Closing balance	33,958,363 35,320,766	<u>*</u>

		Note	Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
20	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET (Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of	Hoto	Rupe	
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Debt	10.1	(1,505,228,725)	(1,897,120,736)
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Equity		75,491,657	
	- Fixed assets (Property and equipment)		3,756,611,634	3,847,347,375
	- Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		22,178,199	22,893,624
		_	2,349,052,765	1,973,120,263
	Deferred tax on (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of:			
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Debt		496,725,480	609,735,752
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Equity		(12,456,124)	
	- Fixed assets (Property and equipment)		(1,239,681,834)	(1,269,624,630)
			(755,412,478)	(659,888,878)
		-	1,593,640,287	1,313,231,385
21	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	-		
	-Guarantees	21.1	1,770,000,000	70,000,000
	-Commitments	21.2	2,012,263,311	759,115,718
		7 -7	3,782,263,311	829,115,718
21.1	Guarantees:	-		
			1,770,000,000	70,000,000
21.2	Commitments:			
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
	- Operating fixed assets		2,109,676	8,935,734
	- Intangible assets		2,177,375	2,525,000
			4,287,051	11,460,734
	Non disbursed commitment for term and			
	working capital finance		2,007,976,260	747,654,984
			2,012,263,311	759,115,718

21.3 Contingencies

21.3.1 Tax contingencies

i) The Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) Islamabad did not accept the Company's contention on certain matters in appeals relating to tax years 2004 to 2006, 2008 to 2010 and 2012 to 2014. These issues mainly relate to disallowance of provision for non performing loans and apportionment of expenses between income subject to final tax regime and normal tax regime. The Company has filed tax references before the Islamabad High Court. For tax years 2004 to 2006 and 2008 to 2010 the Islamabad High Court (IHC) remanded back the matters of disallowance of provision for non performing loans and apportionment of expenses between income subject to final tax regime and normal tax regime to the assessing officer. However, appeal effect proceedings yet to commence. For tax year 2012 to 2014, cases are still pending adjudication. The Company however, accounted for the impact of tax of Rs. 617.237 million on provision for non performing loans & advances by routing it through Profit & Loss in the year 2018.

The related tax demands for all the aforesaid tax years aggregate to Rs 1,091.694 million, out of which Rs 635.194 million has been paid by / recovered from the Company.

- ii) For the tax years 2015 to 2018, the assessing officer amended the Company's assessment under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 and created an aggregate tax demand of Rs. 1,463.932 million by making various add backs and disallowances. The Company preferred appeals before Commissioner Inland Revenue - Appeals [CIR(A)] who in terms of separate appellate orders remanded majority of the matters to the assessing officer and on certain matters upheld the actions of assessing officer. The Company has preferred separate appeals before ATIR for aforesaid cases which are pending adjudication.
- iii) For tax years 2015 to 2017 proceedings under section 161 were initiated and cummulative demand of Rs. 276.482 million was created on account of alleged default in withholding of tax out of which Rs 26.034 million has been paid by / recovered from the Company. The Company preferred appeal before the CIR(A) who remanded certain issues and upheld certain matters. The Company preferred further appeal before ATIR which is pending adjudication.

The management, based on the opinion of its legal counsels, believes that the above mentioned matters are likely to be decided in favour of the Company at superior appellate forums and therefore no further charge is required to be recognised in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

21.3.2 Other contingent liabilities

There is no change in the status of contingencies and commitments of the Company from the status given in the preceding audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31,2022.

		Unaud	dited
		For the nine m	onths ended
		September 30,	September 30,
		2023	2022
		Ruj	oees
22	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED		
	On:		
	Loans and advances	1,035,203,234	683,303,973
	Investments	5,764,868,264	2,818,033,505
	Lendings to financial institutions	183,555,316	22,418,766
	Balances with banks	4,775,358	3,060,388
		6,988,402,172	3,526,816,632
23	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EXPENSED	-	
	On:		
	Deposits	562,842,676	266,947,425
	Borrowings		
	Securities purchased under repurchase agreements	5,332,957,329	2,323,828,125
	Other short term borrowings	302,354,756	423,994,286
	SBP refinance scheme - LTFF & TERF	72,803,582	19,668,954
	Long term borrowings	601,968,562	215,162,755
		6,310,084,229	2,982,654,120
	Interest expense on lease liability against ROU assets	3,023,176	
	Brokerage fee relating to borrowings	1,315,343	4,503,025
		6,877,265,424	3,254,104,570

23.1 The markup expense amounting to Rs. 1,502,928 (September 30, 2022; Rs. 819,355) relates to Saudi Pak Employees Contributory Provident Fund.

		Note	Unauc For the nine m	
24	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME		September 30, 2023 Rup	September 30, 2022 pees
24	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME			
	Credit related fees		10,741,334	7,965,000
	Commission on guarantees		33,029,963	
		-	43,771,297	7,965,000
25	GAIN / (LOSS) ON SECURITIES			
	Realised	25.1	(80,228,199)	66,148,754
	Unrealised - Measured at FVTPL		179,036,407	
			98,808,208	66,148,754

			For the nine m	
			September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
				ees
25.1	Realised gain / (loss) on:			
	Federal Government Securities		(165,927,390)	51,000
	Shares - Unlisted			28,604,681
	Shares - listed		85,699,191	37,493,073
		l.	(80,228,199)	66,148,754
26	OTHER INCOME			
	Rent on property- net	26.1	210,034,591	171,975,362
	Gain / (loss) on sale of fixed assets-net		140,175	464,747
	Gain on sale of non banking assets - net			10.41
	Others		3,743,744	1,410,329
			213,918,510	173,850,438
26.1	Rent on property - net			
	Rental income		385,614,807	340,304,318
	Less: property expense			
	Salaries, allowances and employee benefits		26,046,618	24,892,441
	Depreciation		92,159,999	91,469,144
	Other expenses		57,373,599	51,967,371
			175,580,216	168,328,956
			210,034,591	171,975,362

		Unau	dited
		For the nine m	onths ended
		September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
7	OPERATING EXPENSES	Ru	pees
7	OPERATING EXPENSES		
	Total compensation expense	172,601,618	182,896,886
	Property expense		
	Rent and taxes	415,437	301,379
	Insurance	253,378	230,608
	Utilities cost	18,639,591	19,947,280
	Security (including guards)	3,450,918	3,488,247
	Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)	3,352,839	2,712,731
	Depreciation on ROU assets	12,649,261	9,709,270
	Depreciation	13,165,714	13,067,021
		51,927,138	49,456,536
	Information technology expenses		
	Software maintenance	9,221,680	5,404,158
	Hardware maintenance	1,580,195	888,674
	Amortisation	2,767,247	3,333,836
	Network charges	4,412,878	3,024,566
		17,982,000	12,651,234
	Other operating expenses		
	Shareholders' fee		5,165,251
	Directors' fees and allowances	16,240,000	16,850,000
	Legal and professional charges	3,521,008	3,770,575
	Consultancy, custodial and rating services	4,665,927	4,434,987
	Outsourced services costs	26,836,364	29,812,769
	Travelling and conveyance	18,508,024	28,794,396
	Depreciation	23,065,727	20,738,675
	Training and development	2,620,223	2,106,369
	Postage and courier charges	286,721	339,400
	Communication	2,870,822	2,745,782
	Stationery and printing	4,585,477	4,731,452
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity	2,825,073	1,035,877
	Donations	300,000	3,000,000
	Auditors remuneration	1,942,498	1,798,502
	Repair and maintenance	4,444,248	2,665,979
	Insurance	1,612,121	1,234,141
	Office and general expenses	11,018,864	10,732,910
	Bank charges	178,054	200,397
		125,521,151	140,157,462
		368,031,907	385,162,118

FUR	THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023		Unaud	ditad
			For the nine m	
			September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
		Note ·	Rup	ees
28	OTHER CHARGES			
	Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan			30,000
				30,000
9	CREDIT LOSS ALLOWANCE / PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET			
	Credit loss allowance / provisions against lending to financial institutions	9.1	8	3
	Credit loss allowance / provisions for diminution in value of investments - net	10.3.1	(246,952,614)	154,421,983
	Credit loss allowance / Provisions against loans and advances - net	11.3	133,249,453	65,141,978
	Other credit loss allowance Write offs		33,751,608	
	write ons	-	(79,951,553)	219,563,961
0	TAXATION		(10,001,0007	210,000,001
	Current		133,580,464	120,436,787
	Prior years		3,874,371	(168,082
	Deferred tax		9,159,518	(48,340,312
			146,614,353	71,928,393
1	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE			
	Profit for the period - Rupees		321,199,664	117,691,766
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		676,500,000	676,500,000
	Basic earnings per share - Rupee		0.475	0.174
32	DILUTED EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE There are no dilutive instruments, hence basic and dilutive	ited earnin	gs are same. Unaud	ditad
			For the nine m	
		}	September 30,	September 30,
			2023	2022
3	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2	Rup	ees
3	CAGITAND CAGIT EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and Balance with Treasury Banks		101,477,960	102,180,026
	Balance with other banks		74,865,519	54,217,423
			176,343,479	156,397,449
	CONTROL WAS A STATE OF THE STAT	1		

34 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified under held to collect model, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified under held to collect model are carried at amortized cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

34.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets (Pakistan Stock Exchange) for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) available at Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), Reuters page, redemption prices determined by valuers on the panel of Pakistan Bank's Association.
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses the financial and non-financial assets carried at fair values, by valuation methods. Valuation of investments is carried out as per guidelines specified by the SBP. In case of non-financial assets, the Company has adopted revaluation model (as per IAS 16) in respect of leasehold land, building and certain other assets and non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims.

action of the state of the stat		Santambar 20 3	2023 (Unaudited)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On balance sheet financial instruments		Ru		4,45,44
Financial assets - measured at fair value Investments				
Federal Government Securities		46,859,838,011		46,859,838,011
Shares	1,931,737,046			1,931,737,046
Non-Government Debt Securities		730,769,546	1,81	730,769,546
	1,931,737,046	47,590,607,557		49,522,344,603
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured				
at fair value				
Investments			C 070 F07 600	c nac coa coa
Federal Government Securities Non-Government Debt Securities	- 3		6,276,507,693 1,262,528,810	6,276,507,693 1,262,528,810
Non-Government Debt Securities			7,539,036,503	7,539,036,503
AND DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT			7,333,030,303	7,555,050,505
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value				
measured at fair value			Alabert Trop of	
			2022 (Audited)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On balance sheet financial instruments	***********	W.	ipees	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Financial assets - measured at fair value Investments				
Federal Government Securities	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31,193,768,300	· ·	31,193,768,300
Shares	2,225,006,399		4	2,225,006,399
Non-Government Debt Securities		891,725,421		891,725,421
	2,225,006,399	32,085,493,721		34,310,500,120
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value				
Investments Non-Government Debt Securities			1,000,515,000	1,000,515,000
Non-Government Debt Securities			1,000,515,000	1,000,515,000
Off-balance sheet financial instruments -			1,500,010,000	.,000,010,000
measured at fair value	2		5	
modelico di idii value				

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair valuation of financial instruments within level 2 and level 3

Items	Valuation approach and input used					
Federal Government securities	The fair values of Federal Government securities are determined on the basis of PKRV rates.					
Non-Government Debt Securities	Non Government Debt Securities are valued on the basis of rates announced by MUFAP.					

34.2 The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused such transfer. There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the period.

34.3 Fair value of non-financial assets

		September 30,	2023 (Unaudited)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	***********	Rt	ipees	
Non-financial assets				
Fixed assets				
Property and equipment (lease hold land, building and others)	12	-	3,947,991,702	3,947,991,702
Other assets				
Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of			21 (10 111	421/21/2
claims	-		72,215,523	72,215,523
		December 31,	2022 (Audited)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Ri	pees	
Non-financial assets				
Fixed assets				
Property and equipment (lease hold land, building and others)		1.1	4,049,255,333	4,049,255,333
Other assets			mi-briwing	
Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of				
claims	-	-	74,545,056	74,545,056

Valuation techniques used in determination of fair valuation of financial instruments within level 2 and level 3

Items	Valuation approach and input used
Fixed assets and non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	Land, buildings and other fixed assets and non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims are revalued on a periodic basis using professional valuers. The valuation is based on their assessment of the market value of the assets. The effect of changes in the unobservable inputs used in the valuations cannot be determined with certainty, accordingly a qualitative disclosure of sensitivity has not been presented in these unconsolidated financial statements.

35 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

		September 30, 2		
	Corporate Finance	Trading and sales	Building rental services	Total
Profit & Loss		Rup	ees	
Net mark-up/return/profit	(23,635,711)	134,772,459		111,136,748
Non mark-up / return / interest income	41,521,297	389,457,991	213,778,335	644,757,623
Total income	17,885,586	524,230,450	213,778,335	755,894,371
Segment direct expenses	62,427,958	305,603,949		368,031,907
Total expenses	62,427,958	305,603,949		368,031,907
Credit loss allowance	143,171,125	(223,122,678)		(79,951,553
(Loss) / Profit before tax	(187,713,497)	441,749,179	213,778,335	467,814,017
Balance Sheet				
Cash and bank balances		175,968,397	2	175,968,397
nvestments	1,262,528,810	56,808,852,304		58,071,381,114
Lendings to financial institutions	1,202,020,010	5,266,768,571	3	5,266,768,571
	7,984,051,077	3,200,700,377		7,984,051,077
Advances - performing				
- non-performing net of Credit loss allowar			2002	294,280,559
Others	1,458,458,243	2,528,509,207	2,567,754,953	6,554,722,403
Total assets	10,999,318,689	64,780,098,479	2,567,754,953	78,347,172,121
Borrowings	7,715,938,355	52,560,149,489		60,276,087,844
Deposits & other accounts	3,979,910,035	the test of the same	40	3,979,910,035
Others	51,909,176	106,459,950	119,115,760	277,484,886
Total liabilities	11,747,757,566	52,666,609,439	119,115,760	64,533,482,765
Equity				13,813,689,356
Total equity & liabilities	11,747,757,566	52,666,609,439	119,115,760	78,347,172,121
Contingencies and commitments	3,778,255,491	1,792,027	2,215,793	3,782,263,311
		San James San G	444 W 7 W W	
		September 30, 2		
	Corporate	Trading	Building rental	45.71 V
	Finance	and sales	services	Total
Profit & Loss		Ru	pees	**********
Net mark-up/return/profit	122,843,984	149,868,078		272,712,062
Non mark-up / return / interest income	7,965,000	340,313,485	173,385,691	521,664,176
Fotal Income	130,808,984	490,181,563	173,385,691	794,376,238
Segment direct expenses	81,139,060	304,053,058		385,192,118
Total expenses	81,139,060	304,053,058	90.1	385,192,118
Provisions	56,199,317	163,364,644		219,563,961
(Loss) / Profit before tax	(6,529,393)	22,763,861	173,385,691	189,620,159
		December 24 1	2022 (Audited)	
	Corporate	December 31, 2 Trading	Building rental	
				Total
	Finance	and salesRup	services	Total
Balance Sheet		1,42	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Cash and bank balances		244,312,890		244,312,890
nvestments	1,000,515,000	35,320,500,128		36,321,015,128
endings to financial institutions	1,000,010,000	00,020,000,120	12	00,021,010,120
Advances - performing	9 610 024 072			0 640 024 073
	8,610,024,073			8,610,024,073
- non-performing net of provision	509,265,989			509,265,989
Others	1,691,972,230	3,626,762,851	2,603,348,007	7,922,083,088
Total assets	11,811,777,292	39,191,575,869	2,603,348,007	53,606,701,168
Borrowings	9,544,598,132	27,230,268,717	1.2	36,774,866,849
7777771137	506,884,232	1,446,115,768		1,953,000,000
Deposits & other accounts		494,232,619	104 722 420	
	1/16 2017 223	474 636 019	194,733,438	835,273,389
Others	146,307,332		104 700 400	20 500 440 000
Others Fotal liabilities	10,197,789,696	29,170,617,104	194,733,438	
Others Total liabilities Equity	10,197,789,696	29,170,617,104		39,563,140,238 14,043,560,930 53,606,701,168
Deposits & other accounts Others Total liabilities Equity Total equity & liabilities			194,733,438 194,733,438	

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Governments of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Islamic Republic of Pakistan each own 50% ahares of the Company. Therefore, all entities owned by and controlled by these governments are related parties of the Company. Other related parties comprise of antities over which the Company in the Company in the Company in the Company in normal course of business pays for electricity, gas and telephone to entities controlled by Government of Pakistan.

Government of Pakistan.

Transactions which are made under the terms of employment with related parties mainly comprise of loans and advances etc.

Advances for the house building, conveyance and personal use have also been provided to staff and executives in accordance with the employment and pay policy. Facility of group life insurance and hospitalization facility is also provided to staff and executives in accordance with the employment and pay policy. Facility of group life insurance and hospitalization facility is also provided to staff and executives in accordance with the employment and pay policy. Facility of group life insurance and hospitalization facility is also provided to staff and executives. In addition to this, majority of executives of the Company have been provided with Company maintained car.

Details of transactions with related parties during the period, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

			September 30, 20;	23 (Unaudited)					December 31, 20	22 (Audited)		
	Shareholders	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Associate	Other related parties	Shareholders	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiary	Associate	Other related parties
Non-current asset classified as held for sale		***************************************	Rupee	ş					Rupeet	ja-		
Opening balance		-	1	1.1	576,676,075	1	2				578,678,075	
Transfer in / (out) - net Closing balance					576,676,075	-	- 1				576,676,075	
Provision for Non-current asset classified as held for sale		-			576,676,075						576,676,075	
Lendings to financial institutions					070,070,070						570,070,070	-
Opening balance				*	-	A 17 C. L. C. C.						
Addition during the period / year		100	- 6			82,318,049,786	14)		-	-	-	19,492,212,383
Repaid during the period / year Closing balance			-	:		(79,937,669,786)			·			(19,492,212,383
ECL held against Lendings to financial institutions						2,300,300,000						
Investments			-	_								
Opening balance	4	1.2	1	500,000,000	4.1	199,640,000	1			500,000,000	1	199.720,000
Investment made during the period / year	×	~	14.		53	1,000	-	7		-	3	
Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year Transfer in I (out) - net	š	- 20			- 3	(40,000)					- 3	(80,000)
Closing balance				500,000,000		199,500,000				500,000,000		199,640,000
ECL for diminution in value of investments						327,845		- 3				
Advances												
Opening balance Addition during the period / year		(4)	24.564.071 22.553.746		-		1-1		26,026,934	-	~	
Repaid during the period / year		(2)	(5,516,616)						10,412,718 (12,894,098)	2	-	-
Transfer in / (out) - net		- 2		141		-			1,018,517	1		
Closing balance		<u> </u>	41,601,201						24,564,071		-	
ECL held against advances	<u>-</u>		-								3	-
Other Assets Interest / mark-up accrued	41					24,913,466						8,511,442
Security deposit		ě.	14	2,633,280	+3	\$4,575,400				2,633,280	-	0,011,442
Borrowings												
Opening balance	(4)				2	war of the	141		- 4		5	6,670,000,000
Borrowings during the period / year		2			7	12,031,525,765	-		- 3			142,563,911,654
Settled during the period / year Closing balance		- :				(12,031,525,765)				-		(149,233,911,654)
Deposits and other accounts												
Opening balance	(4)	2	14.	4	2.3	1,353,000,000			-	-	-	2,711,587,775
Received during the period / year Withdrawn during the period / year						1.712,000.000	-	-	-		-	356,073,379
Closing balance						3.065,000,000						1,353,000,000
Other Liabilities						TELE						
Interest / mark-up payable	4			141	4	17.471,515		-	-	-	-	10,786,083
Payable to defined benefit plan Dividend payable to foreign shareholder		1.5		3		7,352,279	82,500,000	3				10,219,869
Security deposit	2.			482,245	-	2,366,908		-		426,170	-	2,366,908
Rent received in advance		17.5		1.205,611		4.382,950				1.065,425		24,773,648
			September 30, 202	(Unaudited)		Other related			September 30, 202	22 (Unaudited)		
	Shareholders	Directors	Key manage-ment personnel	Subsidiary	Associate	parties	Shareholders	Directors	Key manage-ment personnel	Subsidiary	Associate	Other related parties
Income				Rupees						Rupees		
Mark-up / return / interest earned	(1)		572.769	******		133,975,478		₹.	557.613	-		31,364,744
Dividend income Rental income	3			25,000,000 4,031,794		25,030,956	0.0		-	3,633,211		19,430,505
Expense				4.00 (1.04)	7	F2'640'830	-	-		3,033,211		19/430/303
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	34	91	341	12	4	490.842,715		2	-			720,847,625
Contribution to employees' funds	- (4)				*	6,930,180	1					7,891,771
Directors' fees and allowances Shareholders' fee		16,240,000		3	2	1	0	16.850,000		-3-		5,165,251
Operating expenses	- 2		83,721,399	V.	329,135				103,965,484		290,660	5,100,201

		Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
37	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	Rs '	000'
	Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR): Paid-up capital (net of losses)	6,765,000	6,765,000
	Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR): Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital	11,770,382	12,253,559
	Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital		3
	Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital	11,770,382	12,253,559
	Eligible Tier 2 Capital	1,637,939	1,124,774
	Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):	13,408,321	13,378,333
	Credit Risk	24,973,650	22,217,420
	Market Risk	5,864,030	6,111,660
	Operational Risk	2,876,520	2,876,520
	Total	33,714,200	31,205,600
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	34.91%	39.27%
	Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	34.91%	39.27%
	Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	39.77%	42.87%

As of September 30, 2023, the Company must meet a Tier 1 to RWA ratio and CAR, including CCB, of 7.5% and 11.5% respectively.

Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Market and Credit Risk while Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) is used for Operational Risk.

	Unaudited September 30, E 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
Little Control Little Control	Rs '00	0,
Leverage Ratio (LR): Eligible Tier-1 Capital	11,770,382	12,253,559
Total Exposures	81,687,566	53,966,116
Leverage Ratio	14.41%	22.71%

	Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
	Rs '	000'
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR): Total High Quality Liquid Assets	6,281,575	4,639,985
Total Net Cash Outflow	2,223,379	3,295,451
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	282.52%	140.80%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR): Total Available Stable Funding	48,380,698	36,098,612
Total Required Stable Funding	24,184,689	21,362,298
Net Stable Funding Ratio	200.05%	168.98%

38 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 2 8 OCT 2023.

Chief Financial Officer

GM/Chief Executive

Director

Director

Director